

Knee Injuries and Imaging

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1. Knee injuries and priority

2. Patellofemoral instability

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1

Knee injuries and priority

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Differences in knee injuries

Contact vs non-contact

Low vs High energy

Concomitant injuries

Age (child or adult)



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Orthopedic Approach

- History
- Try to imagine injury mechanism
- Clinical examination



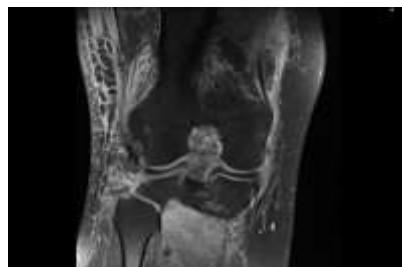
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Orthopedic Approach

Assesment of potential injury/injuries

Imaging → Verify suspected injury/injuries
and rule-out others



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The Use of MRI and Clinical Exam in Evaluation of Knee Injuries

Table 2 Diagnostic values of MRI

| Sensitivity (%) | | Specificity (%) | | PPV (%) | | NPV (%) | | Accuracy (%) | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Medial meniscus tears | Lateral meniscus tears |
| 95 | 67 | 60 | 88 | 83 | 57 | 86 | 91 | 83 | 81 |

Sensitivity, specificity, positive predictive value (PPV), negative predictive value (NPV), and accuracy for medial meniscus tears and lateral meniscus tears

Table 3 Diagnostic values of clinical examination

| | Sensitivity (%) | | Specificity (%) | | PPV (%) | | NPV (%) | | Accuracy (%) | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | Medial meniscus tears | Lateral meniscus tears |
| Experienced knee surgeon | 95 | 33 | 90 | 92 | 95 | 50 | 90 | 85 | 91 | 80 |
| Specialist in general orthopedics | 95 | 60 | 70 | 92 | 86 | 60 | 88 | 92 | 83 | 83 |
| Senior resident | 85 | 50 | 60 | 92 | 81 | 60 | 67 | 88 | 77 | 83 |
| Fourth-year resident | 88 | 50 | 60 | 88 | 80 | 50 | 67 | 88 | 73 | 80 |

Sensitivity, specificity, positive predictive value (PPV), negative predictive value (NPV), and accuracy for medial meniscus tears and lateral meniscus tears

Ercin: Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc (2012) 20:851–856

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Importance of early diagnosis

Bucket Handle



Root lesion



Osteochondral lesions



Eminentia fracture / avulsion



Fractures



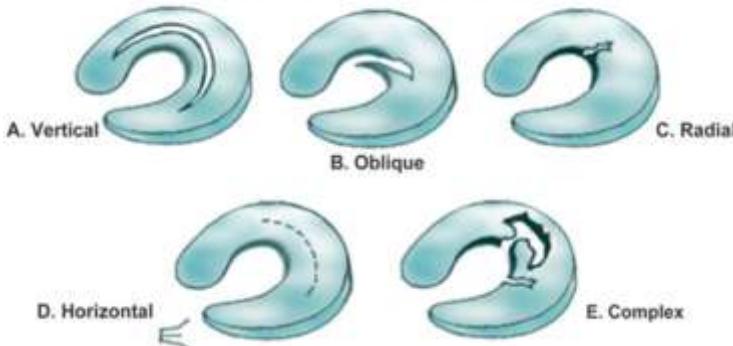
Knee dislocations

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Meniscus lesion

Meniscus Tear Patterns



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Bucket Handle tear

Locking of the knee
Extention deficit

Treatment:
Suture if possible

75-80 % healing rate...

Grant: Am J Sports Med 2012 40: 459

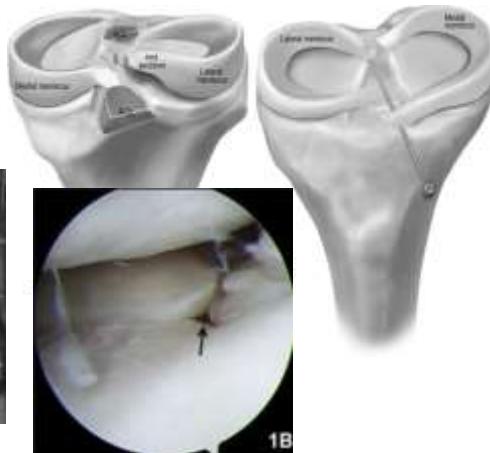


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Meniscal root tear

Timing of surgery?
Still remains to be answered



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Osteochondral lesion

Clinic:

Pain and swelling
Locking, possibly extention deficits
Previous history of OCD or PF instability

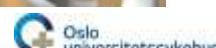


Treatment:

Fixation of detached chondral lesion must
be within 2 weeks of injury



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Avulsion fracture

Eminentia fracture
Tibial spine avulsion

Arcuate sign
Avulsion fracture of the LCL and/or biceps tendon from the tip of the proximal fibula
Suspect ACL tear (~80-90%)

Treatment:
Depending on grade of displacement
Non-displaced → conservative treatment

Displaced → Surgical treatment within 2 weeks

Strub WM. The arcuate sign. Radiology. 2007;244 (2): 620-1.

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Knee dislocation

Very serious
Often involvement of multiple structures
Vascular injury
Nerve injury

Radiograph and MRI and possibly CT angio

Important for preoperative planning

Treatment:

Surgery within 10-14 days after injury
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Summery 1

Indication for early **Radiographs or MRI** on suspicion for the following injuries...

- Bucket handle lesions
- Root lesion
- Osteochondral lesions
- Eminentia fracture / avulsion
- Fractures
- Knee dislocations

Most of these injuries require surgical intervention within 2 weeks of injury

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2

Patellofemoral Instability

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Patellofemoral Dislocation

"Rule of thumb"

Approx. 50% of 1. time dislocation can manage with rehab.

Approx. 50% will experience redislocation/instability and should be examined by an orthopedic surgeon, and possibly surgically treated.

- Clinic
- Radiographs
- MRI



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Predictors of Recurrent Instability After Acute Patellofemoral Dislocation in Pediatric and Adolescent Patients

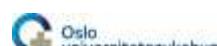
Laura W. Lewallen,^{*†} MD, Amy L. McIntosh,^{*‡} MD, and Diane L. Dahn,^{*} MD
Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopedic Surgery, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota

Non-dysplasi
Dysplasi

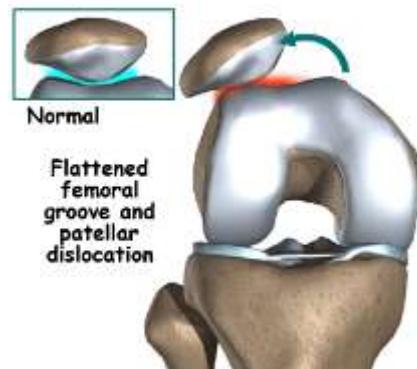
31 % re-dislocate

69 % re-dislocate

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Patellofemoral Dysplasia



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Anatomical factors

Soft tissue abnormality

- Mediale stabilisors
- Laterale retinacle
- Patella alta
- Hypermobile

Bony abnormality

- Patella dysplasia
- Trochlea dysplasia
- Femoral anteversion



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Patella Index

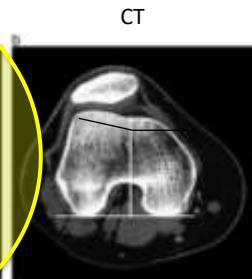
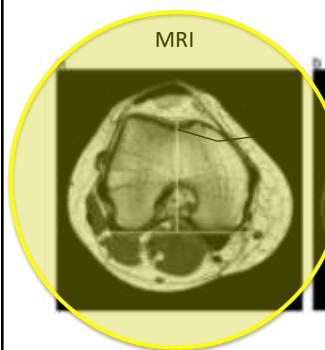
- **Insall-Salvati**
1.3 > pathologic
- **Caton-Deschamp**
1.2 > pathologic



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Methods of Investigation

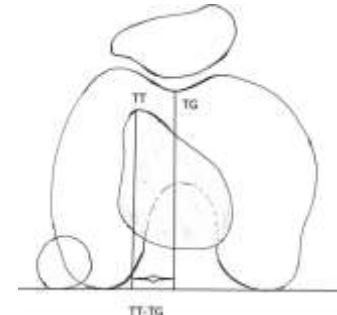
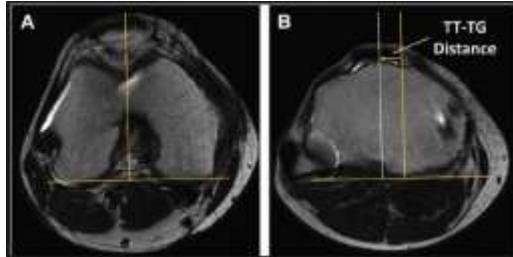


Tangentielle patellapictures
Merchant's view
45 graders fleksjon



Tuberositas Tibia – Trochlea Groove

TT-TG > 20 mm = pathologic



Schoettle: The Knee 13 (2006) 26 – 31

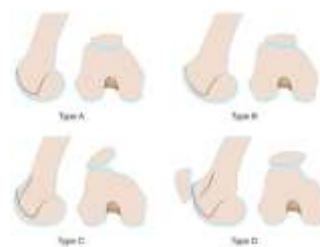
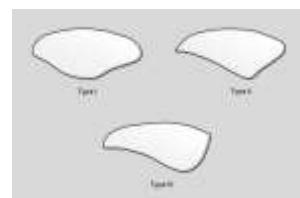
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Dysplasia

- Patella classification
 - Wiberg (1941)

- Trochlea classification
 - Dujour
 - 1987 Crossing sign
 - 1998 Classification

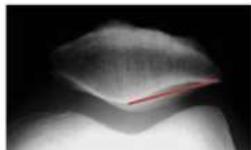


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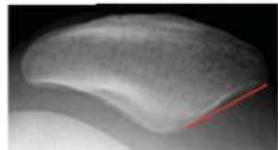


Patella Dysplasia

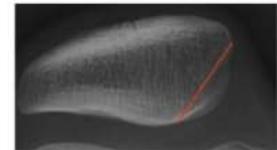
Wiberg classification



Type I



Type II



Type III

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Trochlea Dysplasia

Dujour classification

- Type A-D
- Crossing sign



Type A



Type B



Type C

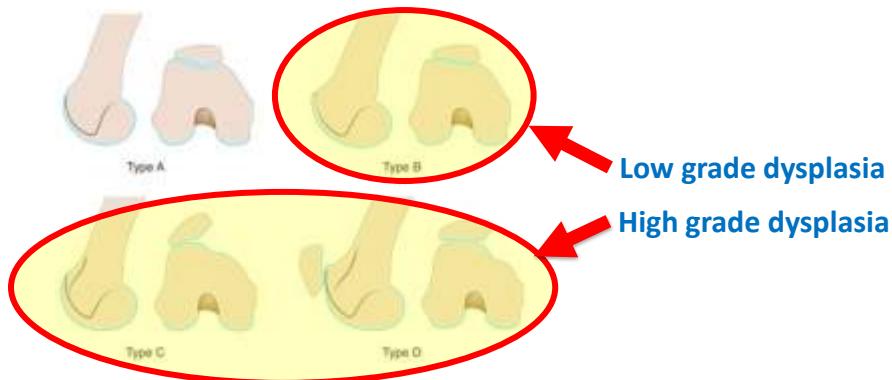


Type D

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Trochlea Dysplasia



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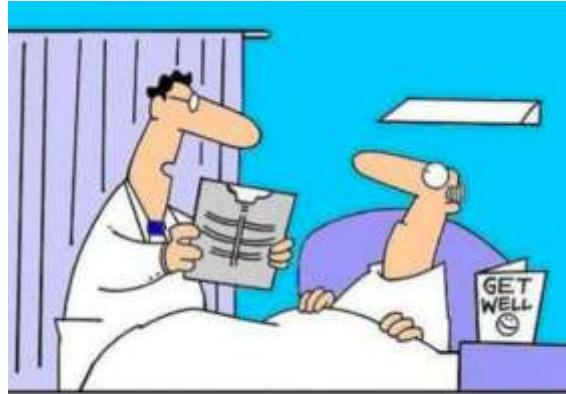
Summary 2

- Chondral lesion or degenerative changes
- Patella index
- TT-TG
Important: TT is included on the MRI
Coronal images
- Description/grading of Trochlea Dysplasia

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Thank you



**"Your x-ray showed a broken rib,
but we fixed it with Photoshop."**

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